

Success for Students Who Learn Differently

Transition Programs: Ensuring a Successful Launch to College for Students who Learn Differently

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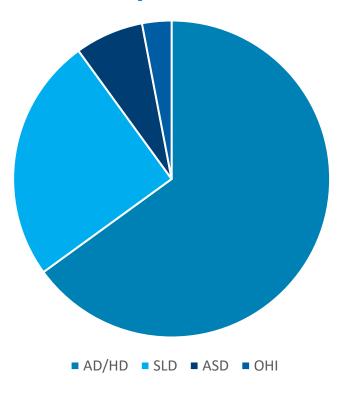
Beacon College Overview



- Regionally accredited, liberal arts institution of higher education established in 1989
- Uniquely serving the educational needs of students with learning disabilities, ADHD and other learning differences
- Ranked nationally several times as the #1 college for students who learn differently

In the past 7 years, the College has grown 140% in enrollment, while maintaining incredibly high retention, graduation, and career placement rates.

Primary Conditions



Transition Programs:

Recognized Needs & Prior Implementations



US Department of Education identifies transition programs as necessary to prompt early awareness of continuing education

College Transition
Programs & Other Related
Services Focus on Four
Main Areas:

- 1. Academic enrichment
- 2. Information sharing
- 3. Mentoring
- 4. Social Enrichment

Historical studies conducted (1998), students who participate in transition programs have been seen as twice as effective as their counterparts

Review: **Domains** of Transition Programs

Bridge

Summer programs, dual enrollment, and early college experiences

Orientation

Head start programs

Ongoing

First-year experience, peer mentoring, at-cost programs, and specialized services for niche groupings



The Student Experience: What May Happen to Students with Learning Differences





A New Approach to Transition Programs



How Students Present	Data Collected	Potential Impact
Above 3.3 GPA	30% do 1+ hours of homework per night and more than 50% do not regularly receive out-of-school homework assignments.	Lack of practice with intense work and ability to plan, initiate, and manage stress
Reporting understanding of their learning profile	Under 20% label their accommodations and modification	Struggles with awareness; Will not receive appropriate support in college academic settings
Students manage workload and materials given	More than 80% use a school-based learning management system to manage work	Change in LMS and requirements from professionals, leading students to have to implement a system
Working with a team of excellent professionals to support socialemotional and academic needs.	Most parents manage student support team, many who have been a constant for 3+ years	Shift in structure of support and responsibility of support, leading students to not proactively obtain resources.

A New Approach to Transition Programs



Early identification of students



Proactive and differentiated models



Family-centered approach



Continued services and intentional hand-off

Beacon College: Historical Implementation of Transition Programs

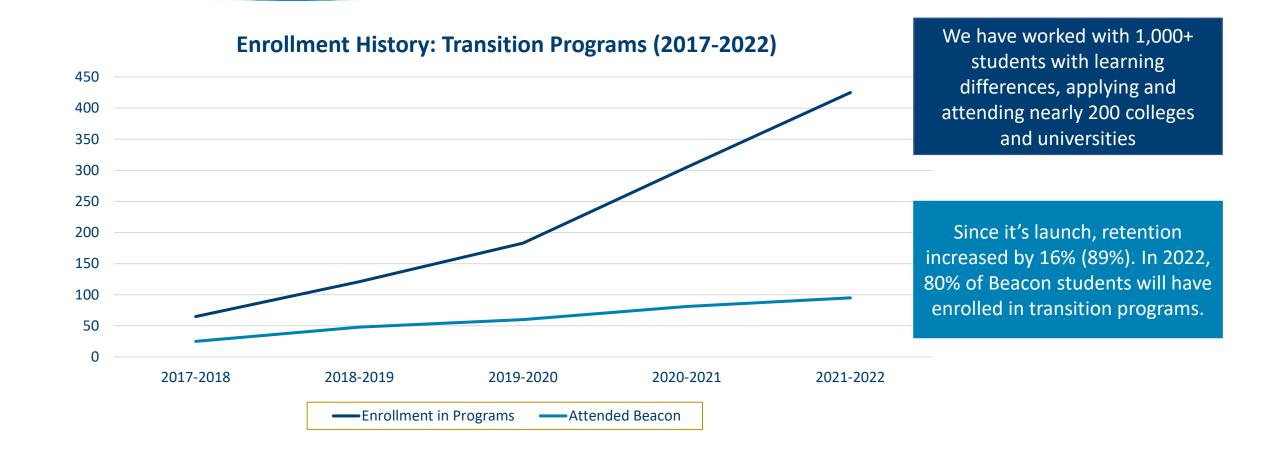




Beacon College's Transition to College Programs help students and their parents proactively plan for college or other post-secondary programs through the development of executive functioning, social integration, and emotional regulation skills.

Enrollment in Transition Programs





Navigator PREP: Nine Months of Proactive Transition Programming





- Proactively identifying, intervening, and planning for skillbased barriers that impede on the transition to college
- Specific focus on the development of strategies to address social, emotional, and executive functioning skills
- Individual and group-based instruction delivered virtually
- Students <u>and</u> parents receive a unique and individualized curriculum
- Each holistic transition plan focuses on optimal engagement in their anticipated community



Distinct Aspects of Beacon College's Transition Programs



Universal and multi-perspective assessment tools

Consistent evaluations of holistic college readiness skills beyond academics

Intentional involvement of parents to introduce the separation process

Individualized consultations with Beacon College to proactively determine services

Ongoing data collection on issues related to performance, attrition, persistence, and engagement

A New Model Focused on Healthy Adjustments



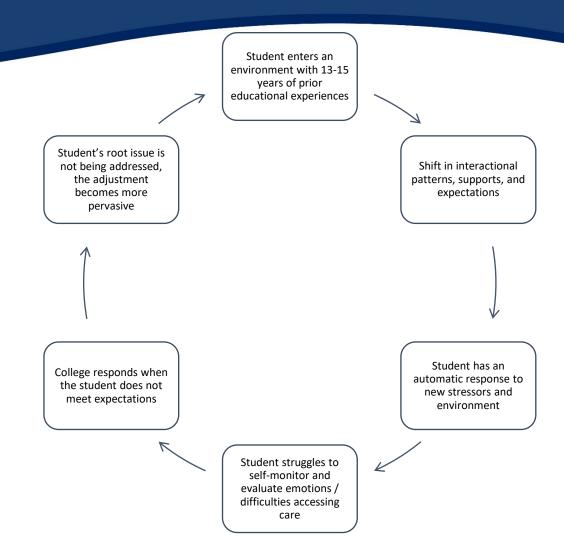


The Impact: Issues Related to Adjustment & Eventual Attrition



For students with diagnosed learning difficulties, a study showed that nearly 80% have potential or diagnosed comorbid conditions including both internalized or externalized disorders.

The most frequently seen was an **adjustment disorder**.



The Global Impact of Awareness: Why It Is The Starting Point



If you are not aware it impacts your ...

Ability to start the college research process

Ability to evaluate colleges and their support programs

Ability to connect student need with college limitations

Ability to ascertain what additional resources are available for students

Ability to proactively prepare for typical pitfalls that occur

Awareness of Current Educational Program & Realities of College Barriers



Essential Questions To Consider During Awareness Assessment:

Current Schooling:

- 1. What is the student's current accommodations?
- 2. How has the learning environment and instructional methods been modified?
- 3. Has the school's program created embedded services that may be more covert?
- 4. Has the student's social environment been developed and supported by external resources?

College Awareness:

- 1. Do you know the role and boundaries of disability services?
 - 2. Do programs support the student holistically?
- 3. What will be the major changes from current support models to a siloed one?
- 4. Do you know what courses you will be required to take through general education?
- 5. Do you understand the bounds of FERPA, HIPAA, and any additional at-cost programs?
 - 6. Is there a social-emotional plan for students?

Obtaining Accommodations: The Entire Transition Model Rolled Up into One Process



Research the School's Process



Fill Out Paperwork By Deadline & Submit Updating Testing



Schedule Meeting with
Office of Disability
Services to Discuss Needs



Attend Individual
Meeting, Receive
Accommodation Letter &
Speak To Individual
Professors



Repeat advocacy steps
each new semester, then
reapply for
accommodations the
next year



Evaluate efficacy of accommodations

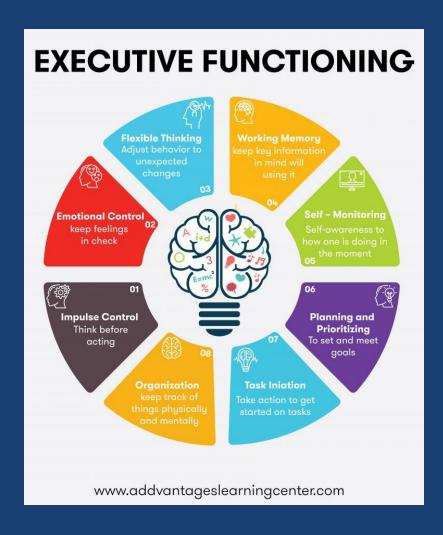


Follow institutional deadlines and guidelines to receive out-of-classroom accommodations



Consistently Self-Advocate to Professors to Use Accommodations

Reliance on External Executive Functioning Systems



- Hyper-reliance on school's technology platform to track assignments, monitor work, set reminders, and retrieve materials.
- Difficulties managing time and practice prioritizing during COVID due to increase in unstructured time, non-competing social demands, and lack of homework
- Difficulties monitoring impulses due to the ease of utilizing technology as a "toy" and not a "tool"
- Lack of direct practice in task initiation without instruction or intervention around breaking down assignments, having set schedules to complete, or modifying expectations



Shift to Self-Reliance In Inconsistent Settings – Remaining Flexible!



Can the student independently track assignments, deadlines, and daily tasks without the reliance on external tools?

Colleges often are not required to upload robust information nor do offices provide multiple prompts to complete necessary paperwork. Communication often is delivered through email.

Can the student monitor their academics, social demands, independent living, and emotions?

Most programs will only look at the student in a one-dimensional lens

Can the student recognize the need to problem-solve and sequence a plan of attack?

Each department may have different resources or processes related to accessing support

Can the student identify what prevents them from initiating without direct prompting or cuing?

Students often have to complete work after retaining immense amount of verbal and visual information

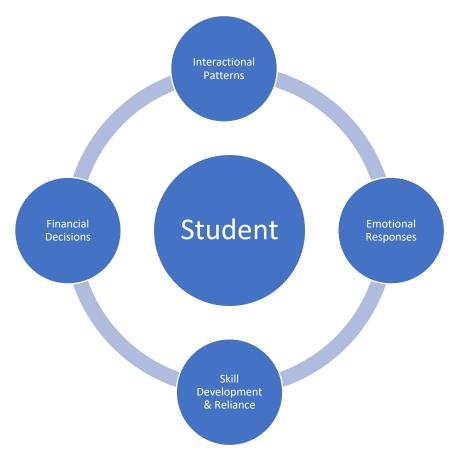
Can the student recognize urgent situations that cannot be avoided?

Consequences in college are more severe and cannot be modified due to a student's skill-based deficits

The Identifiable Patient Model – Where Systems Impacts Executive Functioning Development



- ✓ Parents often become central role in student intervention plan, yet are forced to switch roles rather swiftly – impacting the student's ability to problem-solve
- ✓ Student takes a backseat to planning, often lacking an understanding of their needs <u>or</u> due to the magnitude of intervention, does not connect interventions with later resource requirements
- ✓ Student struggles to form well-rounded, reciprocal relationships with professionals
- ✓ Self-efficacy and reliance reduces, reverting to continued outreach to parents
- ✓ Difficulties appropriately identifying and expressing emotions
- ✓ This dynamic can become replicated in the secondary school model



Managing Setbacks & Problem-Solving: Essential Questions

Has the student experienced setbacks without the safety net of the school and family?



Have barriers been modified or removed to decrease emotional responses by students and parents?



Has the student had consistent support systems throughout their education?



Shift to Siloed Learning Environments



Student-centric and supportive model with experts in the field

Siloed offices with various systems who may not be aware of the student profile



Developing Distress Tolerance: Beyond Emotional Coping



Identifying Triggers

Connecting thoughts and feelings to behaviors/choices

Expressing emotions to the appropriate resource

Tolerating distress/discomfort without avoidance

Recognizing the use of coping prior to entry

At most colleges/universities, there is a wait list to receive clinical support. It is essential that families have a mental health transition plan that matches current student functioning.

Self-Advocacy: Realizing the Steps Required

These latter skills are critical as most support is offered by peers

Recognize an issue is occurring

Identify specific skills needed support on

Developing a sequenced plan of attack

Recognizing the appropriate resource available

Identifying the social communication skills required

Managing emotions and prior experiences

Staying flexible if original plan doesn't work

It continues to return back to **awareness** and **executive functioning**



Outcomes



Increased first-year retention and supportive back-up plans at other universities

Students and parents reporting an understanding of policies, procedures, and ideal engagement

Professionals
reporting increased
abilities to
problem-solve,
utilize resources,
and engage quickly
at the College

A new culture of college readiness and awareness of needs, limiting reactive interventions and guess-work

Outcomes



80% of students can independently label their accommodations and modifications

63% are aware of college policies including SAP, FERPA, and general education

Over 50% are attempting to implement their own organizational systems apart from their LMS

71% can identify
their emotional
triggers and 1+ ways
to cope

Beacon's Expansion of Services

International Programming and Partnerships

Navigator PREP at Other Institutions

Training Programs with Advisors & Resource Specialists

College Counseling & Transition
Programs at High Schools

Curriculum Design for State
Department of Education





Stay Connected!

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Our Campus is Open For Tours!